

## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Based upon Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 2015/830

## Soudafoam FR Gun

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : Soudafoam FR Gun
Registration number REACH : Not applicable (mixture)

Product type REACH : Mixture

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### 1.2.1 Relevant identified uses

polyurethane

### 1.2.2 Uses advised against

No uses advised against known

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

### Supplier of the safety data sheet

SOUDAL N.V. Everdongenlaan 18-20 B-2300 Turnhout ☎ +32 14 42 42 31 +32 14 42 65 14 msds@soudal.com

## Manufacturer of the product

SOUDAL N.V. Everdongenlaan 18-20 B-2300 Turnhout \$\mathbf{T}\$ +32 14 42 42 31 +32 14 42 65 14 msds@soudal.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

24h/24h (Telephone advice: English, French, German, Dutch): +32 14 58 45 45 (BIG)

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classified as dangerous according to the criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Class	Category	Hazard statements
Aerosol	categ <mark>ory 1</mark>	H222: Extremely flammable aerosol.
Aerosol	categ <mark>ory 1</mark>	H229: Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
Carc.	category 2	H351: Suspected of causing cancer.
Resp. Sens.	category 1	H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin Sens.	category 1	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Acute Tox.	categ <mark>ory 4</mark>	H332: Harmful if inhaled.
STOT RE	category 2	H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
Skin Irrit.	category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Eye Irrit.	category 2	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE	category 3	H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

### 2.2. Label elements







Contains: polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate.

Signal word H-statements Danger

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Created by: Brandweerinformatiecentrum voor gevaarlijke stoffen vzw (BIG)

Technische Schoolstraat 43 A, B-2440 Geel http://www.big.be

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134-15960-582-en

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H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
P-statements	
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection/face protection.
P405	Store locked up.
P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122°F.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.
Sunnlemental informati	on

Supplemental information

- Persons already sensitised to diisocyanates may develop allergic reactions when using this product.
- Persons suffering from asthma, eczema or skin problems should avoid contact, including dermal contact, with this product.
- This product should not be used under conditions of poor ventilation unless a protective mask with an appropriate gas filter (i.e. type A1 according to standard EN 14387) is used.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Gas/vapour spreads at floor level: ignition hazard

Contains component(s) included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014)

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

		CAS No EC No	Conc. (C)	Classification according to CLP	Note	Remark
dimethyl ether 01-2119472128-37		115-10-6 204-065-8	1% <c<10%< th=""><th>Flam. Gas 1; H220 Press. Gas - Liquefied gas;</th><th>(1)(2)(10)</th><th>Propellant</th></c<10%<>	Flam. Gas 1; H220 Press. Gas - Liquefied gas;	(1)(2)(10)	Propellant
1,1-difluoroethane 01-2119474440-43		75-37-6 200-866-1	1% <c<10%< td=""><td>Flam. Gas 1; H220 Press. Gas - Liquefied gas;</td><td>(1)(10)</td><td>Propellant</td></c<10%<>	Flam. Gas 1; H220 Press. Gas - Liquefied gas;	(1)(10)	Propellant
polymethylene polyphenyl isoc	yanate	9016-87-9	C>25 %	Carc. 2; H351 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Acute Tox. 4; H332 STOT RE 2; H373 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335	(1)(2)(8)(10)(18)	Constituent
isobutane 01-2119485395-27		75-28-5 200-857-2	1% <c<10%< td=""><td>Flam. Gas 1; H220 Press. Gas - Liquefied gas;</td><td>(1)(2)(10)</td><td>Propellant</td></c<10%<>	Flam. Gas 1; H220 Press. Gas - Liquefied gas;	(1)(2)(10)	Propellant
(1,3-butadiene, conc<0.1%)						
reaction mass of tris(2-chloropr tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) pho phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1- chloropropyl ester and phospho methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) 01-2119486772-26	osphate and methylethyl) 2- oric acid, 2-chloro-1-		10% <c<25%< td=""><td>Acute Tox. 4; H302</td><td>(1)(10)</td><td>Constituent</td></c<25%<>	Acute Tox. 4; H302	(1)(10)	Constituent
triethyl phosphate 01-2119492852-28		78-40-0 201-114-5	1% <c<10%< td=""><td>Acute Tox. 4; H302 Eye Irrit. 2; H319</td><td>(1)(10)</td><td>Constituent</td></c<10%<>	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	(1)(10)	Constituent

<sup>(1)</sup> For H-statements in full: see heading 16

- (2) Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit
- (8) Specific concentration limits, see heading 16
- (10) Subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006
- (18) Polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate, contains > 0.1% MDI-isomers

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## SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### General

Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with laboured breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital.

#### After inhalation

Remove the victim into fresh air. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service.

#### After skin contact:

Wash immediately with lots of water. Take victim to a doctor if irritation persists.

#### After eve contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Do not apply neutralizing agents. Take victim to an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.

#### After ingestion:

Rinse mouth with water. Immediately after ingestion: give lots of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Consult a doctor/medical service if you feel

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### 4.2.1 Acute symptoms

#### After inhalation:

Dry/sore throat. Coughing. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. Runny nose. FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS MAY APPEAR LATER: Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract. Risk of lung oedema. Respiratory difficulties.

#### After skin contact:

Tingling/irritation of the skin.

#### After eye contact:

Irritation of the eye tissue. Lacrimation.

#### After ingestion:

No effects known.

#### 4.2.2 Delayed symptoms

No effects known.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### 5.1.1 Suitable extinguishing media:

Small fire: Quick-acting ABC powder extinguisher, Quick-acting BC powder extinguisher.

#### 5.1.2 Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Small fire: Quick-acting CO2 extinguisher, Water (water can be used to control jet flame), Foam.

Major fire: Water (water can be used to control jet flame), Foam.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (nitrous vapours, phosphorus oxides, hydrogen bromide, hydrogen chloride, hydrofluoric acid) (carbon monoxide - carbon dioxide). Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### 5.3.1 Instructions:

If exposed to fire cool the closed containers by spraying with water. Physical explosion risk: extinguish/cool from behind cover. Do not move the load if exposed to heat. After cooling: persistant risk of physical explosion. Dilute toxic gases with water spray. Take account of toxic/corrosive precipitation water.

## 5.3.2 Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Gloves. Protective goggles. Head/neck protection. Protective clothing. Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Stop engines and no smoking. No naked flames or sparks. Spark- and explosion proof appliances and lighting equipment.

### 6.1.1 Protective equipment for non-emergency personnel

See heading 8.2

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## 6.1.2 Protective equipment for emergency responders

Gloves. Protective goggles. Head/neck protection. Protective clothing.

Suitable protective clothing

See heading 8.2

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Dam up the liquid spill. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Allow product to solidify and remove it by mechanical means. Scoop solid spill into closing containers. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Clean (treat) contaminated surfaces with acetone. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See heading 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20°C. Observe very strict hygiene - avoid contact. Remove contaminated clothing immediately.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### 7.2.1 Safe storage requirements:

Storage temperature: < 50 °C. Store in a cool area. Keep out of direct sunlight. Ventilation at floor level. Fireproof storeroom. Unauthorized persons are not admitted. Meet the legal requirements. Max. storage time: 1 year(s).

#### 7.2.2 Keep away from:

Heat sources, ignition sources.

#### 7.2.3 Suitable packaging material:

Aerosol.

## 7.2.4 Non suitable packaging material:

No data available

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Reason for revision: 3

#### 8.1.1 Occupational exposure

### a) Occupational exposure limit values

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

U		
imethylether	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	1000 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	1920 mg/m³
elgium		
,4'-Diisocyanate de diphénylméthane (MDI)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.005 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.052 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ydrocarbures aliphatiqu <mark>es sous forme gazeuse: (Alcanes C1-</mark> 4)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	1000 ppm
xyde de diméthyle	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	1000 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	1920 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
he Netherlands		
imethylether	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	496 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Short time value (Public occupational exposure limit value)	783 ppm
	Short time value (Public occupational exposure limit value)	1500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
rance		
4'-Diisocyanate de diphé <mark>nylméthane</mark>	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	0.01 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Short time value (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	0.02 ppm
	Short time value (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
xyde de diméthyle	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VRI: Valeur réglementaire indicative)	1000 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VRI: Valeur réglementaire indicative)	1920 mg/m³
ermany		
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4,4'-Methylendiphenyldii <mark>socyanat</mark>	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Dimethylether	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	1000 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
sobutan	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	1000 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
oMDI (als MDI berechnet)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
JK		
Dimethyl ether	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	400 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	766 mg/m³
	Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	500 ppm
	Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	958 mg/m³
socyanates, all (as -NCO) Except methyl isocyanate	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.02 mg/m³
	Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA (TLV-ACGIH)		
Butane, all isomers	Short time value (TLV - Adopted Value)	1000 ppm
Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate (MDI)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	0.005 ppm

## b) National biological limit values

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

#### 8.1.2 Sampling methods

Product name		Test		Number	
Isocyanates		NIOSH	!	5521	
Isocyanates		NIOSH	!	5522	

### 8.1.3 Applicable limit values when using the substance or mixture as intended

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

## 8.1.4 DNEL/PNEC values

## DNEL/DMEL - Workers

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)		Туре	Value	Remark
DNEL		Long-term systemic effects inhalation	5.82 mg/m³	
		Acute systemic effects inhalation	22.4 mg/m³	
		Long-term systemic effects dermal	2.08 mg/kg bw/day	
		Acute systemic effects dermal	8 mg/kg bw/day	

## triethyl phosphate

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)		Туре	Value	Remark
DNEL		Long-term systemic effects inhalation	11.81 mg/m³	
		Acute systemic effects inhalation	94.5 mg/m³	
		Long-term systemic effects dermal	3.35 mg/kg bw/day	
		Acute systemic effects dermal	26.8 mg/kg bw/day	

### DNEL/DMEL - General population

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)		Туре	Value	Remark
DNEL		Long-term systemic effects inhalation	1.46 mg/m³	
		Acute systemic effects inhalation	11.2 mg/m³	
		Long-term systemic effects dermal	1.04 mg/kg bw/day	
		Acute systemic effects dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	
		Long-term systemic effects oral	0.52 mg/kg bw/day	

triethyl phosphate				
Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)		Туре	Value	Remark
DNEL		Long-term systemic effects inhalation	2.91 mg/m³	
		Acute systemic effects inhalation	23.28 mg/m³	
		Long-term systemic effects dermal	1.67 mg/kg bw/day	
		Acute systemic effects dermal	13.36 mg/kg bw/day	
		Long-term systemic effects oral	1.67 mg/kg bw/day	
		Acute systemic effects oral	13.36 mg/kg bw/day	

### **PNEC**

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reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl

ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	0.64 mg/l	
Aqua (intermittent releases)	0.51 mg/l	
Marine water	0.064 mg/l	
STP	7.84 mg/l	
Fresh water sediment	13.4 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	1.34 mg/kg sediment dw	
Soil	1.7 mg/kg soil dw	
Oral	11.6 mg/kg food	
Catha Labarada ta	<u> </u>	

triethyl phosphate

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	<mark>0.632 m</mark> g/l	
Salt water	<mark>0.063 m</mark> g/l	
STP	<mark>298.5 m</mark> g/l	
Fresh water sediment	<mark>5 mg/kg s</mark> ediment dw	
Marine water sediment	<mark>0.5 mg/k</mark> g sediment dw	
Soil	<mark>0.64 mg/</mark> kg soil dw	

#### 8.1.5 Control banding

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

#### 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Measure the concentration in the air regularly.

#### 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Observe very strict hygiene - avoid contact. Do not eat, drink or smoke during work.

#### a) Respiratory protection:

Wear gas mask with filter type A if conc. in air > exposure limit.

#### b) Hand protection:

Gloves.

Materials	Breakthrough time	Thickness
LDPE (Low Density Poly Ethylene)	> 10 minutes	0.025 mm

## - materials (good resistance)

LDPE (Low Density Poly Ethylene).

#### c) Eye protection:

Protective goggles.

#### d) Skin protection:

Head/neck protection. Protective clothing.

#### 8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls:

See headings 6.2, 6.3 and 13

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical form		Aerosol
Odour		Characteristic odour
Odour threshold		No data available
Colour		Variable in colour, depending on the composition
Particle size		No data available
Explosion limits		No data available
Flammability		Extremely flammable aerosol.
Log Kow		Not applicable (mixture)
Dynamic viscosity		No data available
Kinematic viscosity		No data available
Melting point		No data available
Boiling point		No data available
Flash point		Not applicable
Evaporation rate		No data available
Relative vapour density		1.1
Vapour pressure		No data available
Solubility		Water ; insoluble
Relative density		1.1; 20 °C
Decomposition temperat	ture	No data available
Auto-ignition temperatur	e	No data available

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1100 kg/m³; 20 °C

Explosi	ive properties	No chemical group associated with explosive properties	
Oxidisi	ng properties	No chemical group associated with oxidising properties	
рН		No data available	
9.2. Other	information		

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

## 10.1. Reactivity

May be ignited by sparks. Gas/vapour spreads at floor level: ignition hazard.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Absolute density

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

### **Precautionary measures**

Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (nitrous vapours, phosphorus oxides, hydrogen bromide, hydrogen chloride, hydrofluoric acid) (carbon monoxide - carbon dioxide).

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

11.1.1 Test results

### Acute toxicity

#### Soudafoam FR Gun

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value	Remark
						determination	
Oral	LD50		> 10000 mg/kg		Rat	Literature study	
Dermal	LD50		> 5000 mg/kg		Rabbit	Literature study	
Inhalation (vapours)	LD50		10 mg/l - 20 mg/l	4 h	Rat	Literature study	
Inhalation			category 4			Literature study	

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl

ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Route of exposure	Parame	ter Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value	Remark
						determination	
Oral	LD50	EU Method B.1 tris	632 mg/kg bw		Rat (female)	Experimental value	
Dermal	LD50	OECD 402	> 2000 mg/kg bw	24 h	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	
Inhalation (aerosol)	LC50	OECD 403	> 7 mg/l	4 h	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	

triethyl phosphate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value	Remark
						determination	
Oral	LD50		1600 mg/kg		Rat	Inconclusive,	
						insufficient data	
Dermal	LD50		> 20000 mg/kg bw		Rabbit	Inconclusive,	
						insufficient data	
Inhalation (aerosol)	LC50	OECD 403	> 8.817 mg/l air	4 h	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	

## Conclusion

Harmful if inhaled.

Not classified as acute toxic in contact with skin Not classified as acute toxic if swallowed

## Corrosion/irritation

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No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value	Remark
						determination	
Eye	Irritating;					Literature study	
	category 2						
Skin	Irritating;					Literature study	
	category 2						
Inhalation	Irritating;					Literature study	
	STOT SE cat.3						

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl

ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point		Value determination	Remark
Eye	Not irrit <mark>ating</mark>	OECD 405	24 h	7 days	Rabbit	Experimental value	
Skin	Not irrit <mark>ating</mark>	OECD 404	4 h	7 days	Rabbit	Experimental value	

triethyl phosphate

	Route of exposure	Result		Method	Exposure time	Time point		Value determination	Remark
E	<i>i</i> -	Moderatiritating	,	OECD 405		1; 24; 48; 72 hrs; 7; 14; 21 days	Rabbit	Experimental value	
9	Skin	Not irrita	ating	OECD 404		1; 24; 48; 72; 168 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	

#### Conclusion

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Soudafoam FR Gun

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Route of exposure	Result	Method	•	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Sensitizi <mark>ng;</mark> category 1					Literature study	
Inhalation	Sensitizin <mark>g;</mark> category 1					Literature study	

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl

ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Route of exposure	Result	Method	 Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Not sensi <mark>tizing</mark>	OECD 429		Mouse (female)	Experimental value	

triethyl phosphate

Route of exposure	Result		Method	Exposur	 Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Not sensiti	zing	OECD 429			Mouse (female)	Experimental value	
Inhalation							Data waiving	

## Conclusion

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

## Specific target organ toxicity

### Soudafoam FR Gun

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Route of exposur	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value
								determination
Inhalation			STOT RE cat.2					Literature study

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reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl

ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time		Value determination
Oral (diet)	NOAEL	Subchronic toxicity test	171 mg/kg bw/day		No effect	13 weeks (daily)	` '	Experimental value
Oral (diet)	LOAEL	Subchronic toxicity test	52 mg/kg bw/day	Liver	Weight gain	13 weeks (daily)	` '	Experimental value
Inhalation (vapours)	Dose level		0.586 mg/l air		No effect			Experimental value

triethyl phosphate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time		Value determination
Oral (stomach tube)	NOAEL	OECD 407	1000 mg/kg bw/day		No effect	4 weeks (daily)		Experimental value
Dermal								Data waiving
Inhalation (aerosol)	NOAEC	Subchronic toxicity test	366 mg/m³ air			12 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	` '	Inconclusive, insufficient data

#### Conclusion

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Not classified as sub-chronically toxic in contact with skin

Not classified as sub-chronically toxic if swallowed

#### Mutagenicity (in vitro)

## Soudafoam FR Gun

No (test)data on the mixture available

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl

ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
Negative with metabolic	OECD 482	Rat liver cells		Experimental value
activation, negative without				
metabolic activation				
Negative without metabolic	OECD 476	Mouse (lymphoma L5178Y		Experimental value
activation, positive with		cells)		
metabolic activation				

triethyl phosphate

TIC	triyi priospriate				
	Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
	Negative with metabolic	OECD 476	Chinese hamster lung	No effect	Experimental value
	activation, negative without		fibroblasts (V79)		
	metabolic activation				
	Negative with metabolic	OECD 471	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)	No effect	Experimental value
	activation, negative without				
	metabolic activation				

#### Mutagenicity (in vivo)

## Soudafoam FR Gun

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl

ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

	Result		Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
	Negative		OECD 474		Mouse (male/female)	Bone marrow	Experimental value
trie	thyl nhosnhate	_	•				

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
Negative			Mouse (male)	Bone marrow	

#### Conclusion

Not classified for mutagenic or genotoxic toxicity

### Carcinogenicity

## Soudafoam FR Gun

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	- 0-	Value determination
Unknown			category 2		4			Literature study

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reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl

ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Route of	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value
exposure								determination
Inhalation								Data waiving
Dermal								Data waiving
Oral								Data waiving

#### Conclusion

Suspected of causing cancer.

### Reproductive toxicity

### Soudafoam FR Gun

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl

ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	- 0	Value determination
Developmental toxicity	LOAEL		99 mg/kg bw/day		Rat (female)	Embryotoxicity		Experimental value
Effects on fertility	LOAEL		99 mg/kg bw/day		Rat (male/female)		Female reproductive organ	Experimental value

triethyl phosphate

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	- 0	Value determination
Developmental toxicity	NOAEL		625 mg/kg bw/day	10 day(s)	Rat	No effect	Foetus	Experimental value
Maternal toxicity	NOAEL		125 mg/kg bw/day	10 day(s)	Rat	No effect		Experimental value
Effects on fertility	NOEL		335 mg/kg bw/day	120 day(s) - 150 day(s)	Rat (male/female)	No effect		Inconclusive, insufficient data

#### Conclusion

Not classified for reprotoxic or developmental toxicity

## **Toxicity other effects**

## Soudafoam FR Gun

No (test)data on the mixture available

## Chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

## Soudafoam FR Gun

Feeling of weakness. Itching. Skin rash/inflammation. May stain the skin. Dry skin. Coughing. Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract. Respiratory difficulties.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

## 12.1. Toxicity

### Soudafoam FR Gun

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement of the mixture is based on the relevant ingredients

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species		Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity other aquatic organisms	LC50		> 1000 mg/l	96 h				Literature study
Toxicity aquatic micro- organisms	EC50	OECD 209	> 100 mg/l		Activated sludge			Literature study

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reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl

ester and phosphoric acid	, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl)	ester
ester and phosphoric acid	, 2-Chiloro-1-inethylethyl bis(2-chilorophopyl)	COLCI

		Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes		LC50	Other	56.2 mg/l		Brachydanio rerio	Static system		Experimental value; GLP
Acute toxicity crustacea		LC50		131 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system		Experimental value; Locomotor effect
Toxicity algae and other aquaplants	atic	ErC50	OECD 201	82 mg/l		Pseudokirchnerie lla subcapitata	Static system		Experimental value; GLP
Long-term toxicity fish									Data waiving
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea		NOEC	OECD 202	32 mg/l	21 day(s)	1	Semi-static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
Toxicity aquatic micro- organisms		EC50	ISO 8192	784 mg/l	3 h	Activated sludge	Static system		Experimental value; GLP

#### triethyl phosphate

		Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species		Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes			Equivalent to OECD 203	> 100 mg/l	96 h	Danio rerio		Fresh water	Experimental value; Nominal concentration
Acute toxicity crustacea		EC50	OECD 202	2705 mg/l	24 h	Daphnia magna		Fresh water	Experimental value; Nominal concentration
Toxicity algae and other aqua plants	atic	EC50	Other	901 mg/l		Scenedesmus subspicatus	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Nominal concentration
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea			Equivalent to OECD 211	31.6 mg/l	21 day(s)	Daphnia magna		Fresh water	Experimental value; Reproduction

## Conclusion

Not classified as dangerous for the environment according to the criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

### **Biodegradation water**

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
OECD 302C: Inherent Biodegradability:	< 60 %		Experimental value
Modified MITI Test (II)			

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

## Biodegradation water

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
OECD 301E: Modified OECD Screening Test	14 %; GLP	28 day(s)	Experimental value

#### Phototransformation air (DT50 air)

	Method		Value	Conc. OH-radicals	Value determination
	AOPWIN v1.92		8.6 h	500000 /cm³	Calculated value
_					

## Biodegradation soil

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
			Data waiving

## Half-life water (t1/2 water)

	Method Value		Value	Primary degradation/mineralisation		Value determination	
	EU Method C.7		> 1 year(s)	Primary degradation		Experimental value	
:-	Alas di sala a asala a Asa						

# triethyl phosphate Biodegradation water

_	o mog. manation transc					
	Method	Value	D	Ouration	Value determination	
	OECD 301C: Modified MITI Test (I)	0 %	2	8 day(s)	Experimental value	
	OECD 302B: Inherent Biodegradability:	97 %	2	8 day(s)	Experimental value	
	Zahn-Wellens/EMPA Test		- 1			

#### Conclusion

Contains non readily biodegradable component(s)

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Soudafoam FR Gun

Log	Kow
LOX	KOW

- 1				_	
	Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination

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Not applicable (mixture)			

### polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

#### **BCF** fishes

Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Value determination
BCF		1		Pisces	Literature study

#### Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	No data available			

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

#### **BCF** fishes

Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Value determination
BCF	OECD 305	0.8 - 14; Fresh	6 week(s)	Cyprinus carpio	Experimental value

#### Log Kow

 , B				
Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
EU Method A.8		2.68	30 °C	Experimental value

#### triethyl phosphate

#### **BCF** fishes

Parameter	Metho	d	Value	Dur	ation	Specie	es	Value determination
BCF	OECD :	305	0.5 - 1.3; Fresh	6 w	eek(s)	Cyprin	nus carpio	Experimental value
			weight					

## Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
EU Method A.8		1.11		Experimental value

#### Conclusion

Does not contain bioaccumulative component(s)

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

#### (log) Koc

Parameter	Method	Value	Value determination
log Koc	EU Method C.19	2.76	Experimental value

#### Percent distribution

Method	Fraction air		Fraction sediment	Fraction soil	Fraction water	Value determination
Mackay level I	0.01 %	0 %	3.55 %	3.52 %	92.89 %	Read-across

## triethyl phosphate

## (log) Koc

Parameter	Method	Value	Value determination
log Koc	SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0	1.642	QSAR

## Conclusion

Contains component(s) with potential for mobility in the soil

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Due to insufficient data no statement can be made whether the component(s) fulfil(s) the criteria of PBT and vPvB according to Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

## 12.6. Other adverse effects

Soudafoam FR Gun

Fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014)

Contains component(s) included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014)

Ozone-depleting potential (ODP)

Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009)

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### 13.1.1 Provisions relating to waste

#### **European Union**

Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 and Regulation (EU) No 2017/997.

Waste material code (Directive 2008/98/EC, Decision 2000/0532/EC).

08 05 01\* (wastes not otherwise specified in 08: waste isocyanates).

16 05 04\* (gases in pressure containers and discarded chemicals: gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances). Depending on branch of industry and production process, also other waste codes may be applicable.

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### 13.1.2 Disposal methods

Recycle/reuse. Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Specific treatment. Do not discharge into drains or the environment.

### 13.1.3 Packaging/Container

### **European Union**

Waste material code packaging (Directive 2008/98/EC).

15 01 10\* (packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances).

1950  Aerosols  2 5F  2.1  no  190 327 344 625 Combination packagings: not more than 1 liter per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)  1950  Aerosols  23 2 5F
Aerosols  2 5F  2.1  no  190 327 344 625 Combination packagings: not more than 1 liter per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)  1950  Aerosols  23 2
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Combination packagings: not more than 1 liter per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)  1950  Aerosols  23 2
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Combination packagings: not more than 1 liter per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)
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Aerosols
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2.1 no

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Soudafoam FR Gun			
14.6. Special precautions for user			
Special provisions	190		
Special provisions	327		
	344		
Special provisions	625		
Special provisions			
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 1 liter per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)		
Sea (IMDG/IMSBC)			
14.1. UN number			
UN number	1950		
14.2. UN proper shipping name			
Proper shipping name	Aerosols		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)			
Class	2.1		
14.4. Packing group			
Packing group			
Labels	2.1		
14.5. Environmental hazards			
Marine pollutant			
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	no		
14.6. Special precautions for user	μιο		
Special provisions	63		
Special provisions	190		
Special provisions	277		
Special provisions	327		
Special provisions	344		
Special provisions	381		
Special provisions	959		
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 1 liter per inner packaging for		
·	liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)		
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of I			
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78	Not applicable		
Air (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR) 14.1. UN number			
	Table 1		
UN number	1950		
14.2. UN proper shipping name			
Proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)			
Class	2.1		
14.4. Packing group			
Packing group			
Labels	2.1		
14.5. Environmental hazards			
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	no		
14.6. Special precautions for user			
Special provisions	A145		
Special provisions	A167		
Canada and distance	1,003		

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Limited quantities: maximum net quantity per packaging

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## European legislation:

Special provisions

VOC content Directive 2010/75/EU

VOC content		Remark	
16.84 % - 18.13 %			
185.2 g/l - 199.43 g/l			

A802

30 kg G

## REACH Annex XVII - Restriction

Contains component(s) subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006: restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles.

	Designation of the substance, of the group of substances or of the mixture	Conditions of restriction
· polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate	Liquid substances or mixtures which are	1. Shall not be used in:
· reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl)	regarded as dangerous in accordance with	— ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different
phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl)	Directive 1999/45/EC or are fulfilling the	phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,

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phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2- chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl est and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methyle bis(2-chloropropyl) ester · triethyl phosphate	thyl (EC) No 1272/2008: (a) hazard classes 2.1 to 2.4, 2.6 and 2.7, 2.8	<ul> <li>— games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects,</li> <li>2. Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.</li> <li>13. Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they:         <ul> <li>— can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and,</li> <li>— present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with R65 or H304,</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10; (c) hazard class 4.1; (d) hazard class 5.1.	culless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation (CEN).  5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met:  a) lamp oils, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: "Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children"; and, by 1 December 2010, "Just a sip of lamp oil — or even sucking the wick of lamps — may lead to life- threatening lung damage";  b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: "Just a sip of grill lighter may lead to life threatening lung damage";  c) lamp oils and grill lighters, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.  6. No later than 1 June 2014, the Commission shall request the European Chemicals Agency to prepare a dossier, in accordance with Article 69 of the present Regulation with a view to ban, if appropriate, grill lighter fluids and fuel for decorative lamps, labelled R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public.  7. Natural or legal persons placing on the market for the first time lamp oils and grill lighter fluids, labelled with R65 or H304, shall by 1 December 2011, and annually thereafter, provide data on alternatives to lamp oils and grill lighter fluids labelled R65 or H304 to the competent authority in the Member State concerned. Member States shall make those data available to the Commission.'
· polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate	Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (MDI) including the following specific isomers: 4,4' Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; 2,4'- Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; 2,2'- Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	1. Shall not be placed on the market after 27 December 2010, as a constituent of mixtures i concentrations equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight of MDI for supply to the general public, unless suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging:  (a) contains protective gloves which comply with the requirements of Council Directive 89/686/EEC;  (b) is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly as follows, and without prejudice to other Community legislation concerning the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures:  "— Persons already sensitised to diisocyanates may develop allergic reactions when using this product.  — Persons suffering from asthma, eczema or skin problems should avoid contact, including dermal contact, with this product.  — This product should not be used under conditions of poor ventilation unless a protective mask with an appropriate gas filter (i.e. type A1 according to standard EN 14387) is used.  2. By way of derogation, paragraph 1(a) shall not apply to hot melt adhesives.
National legislation Belgium Soudafoam FR Gun		
No data available		
National legislation The Nether Soudafoam FR Gun	ands .	
Waterbezwaarlijkheid	Z (2)	
National legislation France Soudafoam FR Gun No data available		
polymethylene polyphenyl is Catégorie cancérogène		, <u>C2</u>
National legislation Germany	4,4'-Diisocyanate de diphénylméthane	; (2
Soudafoam FR Gun		
WGK		on the components in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift wassergefährdende
	Stoffe (VwVwS) of 27 July 2005 (Anhar	<u>1g</u> 4)
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olymethylene polyphenyl is	ocyanate		
TA-Luft	5.2.5; 1		
TRGS900 - Risiko der	4,4'-Methylendiphenyldiisocyanat; Y; Risiko der Fruchtschädigung braucht bei Einhaltung des Arbeitsplatzgrenzwertes		
Fruchtschädigung	und des biologischen Grenzwertes nicht befürchtet zu werden		
	pMDI (als MDI berechnet); Y; Risiko der Fruchtschädigung braucht bei Einhaltung des Arbeitsplatzgrenzwertes und des		
	biologischen Grenzwertes nicht befürchtet zu werden		
Sensibilisierende Stoffe  4,4'-Methylendiphenyldiisocyanat; Sah; Atemwegssensibilisierende Stoffe Und Hautsensibilisierende Stoffe, an b Zielorganen Allergien auslösende			
TRGS905 - Krebserzeug <mark>en</mark> o	Techn. ("Polymeres") MDI (pMDI) (in Form atembarer Aerosole, A-Fraktion); 2		
TRGS905 - Erbgutverän <mark>der</mark>	Techn. ("Polymeres") MDI (pMDI) (in Form atembarer Aerosole, A-Fraktion); -		
TRGS905 -	Techn. ("Polymeres") MDI (pMDI) (in Form atembarer Aerosole, A-Fraktion); -		
Fruchtbarkeitsgefährd <mark>end</mark>			
TRGS905 - Fruchtschädige	d Techn. ("Polymeres") MDI (pMDI) (in Form atembarer Aerosole, A-Fraktion); -		
Hautresorptive Stoffe	4,4'-Methylendiphenyldiisocyanat; H; Hautresorptiv		
	pMDI (als MDI berechnet); H; Hautresorptiv		

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

TA-Luft	5.2.5	
triethyl phosphate		
TA-Luft	5.2.5	

#### National legislation United Kingdom

Soudafoam FR Gun

No data available

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Skin Sensitisation	Isocyanates, all (as -NCO) Except methyl isocyanate; Sen
Respiratory sensitisation	Isocyanates, all (as -NCO) Except methyl isocyanate; Sen

#### Other relevant data

Soudafoam FR Gun

No data available

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

IARC - classification 3; Polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been conducted for the mixture.

triethyl phosphate

A chemical safety assessment has been performed.

## SECTION 16: Other information

## Full text of any H-statements referred to under heading 3:

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

(\*) INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG CLP (EU-GHS) Classification, labelling and packaging (Globally Harmonised System in Europe) **DMEL Derived Minimal Effect Level** DNEL Derived No Effect Level EC50 Effect Concentration 50 % ErC50 EC50 in terms of reduction of growth rate LC50 Lethal Concentration 50 % LD50 Lethal Dose 50 % NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level NOFC No Observed Effect Concentration

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative & Toxic
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
STP Sludge Treatment Process

Reason for revision: 3 Publication date: 2011-08-16
Date of revision: 2017-09-24

Revision number: 0604 Product number: 51384 16 / 17

vPvB very Persistent & very Bioaccumulative

### Specific concentration limits CLP

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate	C ≥ 5 %	Eye Irrit 2;H319	analogous to Annex VI
	C ≥ 5 %	Skin Irrit 2;H315	analogous to Annex VI
	C ≥ 0.1 %	Resp Sens 1;H334	analogous to Annex VI
	C≥5%	STOT SE 3;H335	analogous to Annex VI

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