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DIFENACOUM 50 CUT WHEAT BAIT

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Ready-to-use rat and mouse bait for use in and around buildings, in sewers, waste dumps, and open areas.

Contains: Difenacoum 0.005% w/w, Denatonium Benzoate 0.001% w/w

RASCAL DIFENACOUM 50 CUT WHEAT BAIT 3KG

To be used only by professional users holding certification demonstrating compliance with UK rodenticide stewardship regime requirements. When this product is supplied to a user for the control of rodents, it shall only be supplied to a professional user holding certification demonstrating compliance with UK rodenticide stewardship regime requirements. Read the label before use. Using this product in a manner that is inconsistent with the label may be an offence. Refer to the CRRU UK Code of Best Practice (or equivalent) for guidance.

Directions for use:

Read and follow the product information as well as any information accompanying the product or provided at the point of sale before using it. Where possible, prior to the treatment inform any bystanders (e.g. users of the treated areas and their surroundings) about the rodent control campaign. Consider preventative control measures (e.g. plug holes, remove potential food and drink as far as possible) to improve product intake and reduce the likelihood of reinvasion. Carry out a pre-balting survey of the infested area and an on-site assessment in order to identify the rodent soeces, their places of activity and determine the likely cause and the extent of the infestation.

Remove food which is readily attainable for rodents (e.g. spilled grain or food waste). Apart from this, do not clean up the infested area just before the treatment, as this only disturbs the rodent population and makes bail acceptance more difficult to achieve. The product should be placed in the immediate vioinity of places where rodent activity has previously occurred (e.g. rodent runs, nesting sites, holes, burrows etc.).

Target	Level of infestation	Bait Points	Application	Advice
Mice (Mus musculus)	Low	Up to 40g every 5 metres	Indoors and outdoors around	The frequency of visits to the treated area should be at the discretion of the operator, in the light of the survey conducted at the outset of the treatment. That frequency should be consistent with the recommendations provided by the relevant code of best practice. Siles where burrow bailing is used should be visited more frequently than those where secure bait boxes are employed.
	High	Up to 40g every 2 metres	buildings: tamper resistant bait stations, covered and protected baiting points.	
Rats (Rattus norvegicus)	Low	Up to 40g every 5 metres Up to 40g every 2 metres	Indoors and outdoors around buildings, in open areas, waste dumps and sewers: tamper resistant bait stations, covered and protected bailing points, direct application into the burrow.	
	High			
Rats in sewers (Rattus norvegicus)		Up to 200g per manhole	Anchored or applied in bait stations, covered and protected bait points.	Baits must be applied in a way so that they do not come into contact with water and are not washed away.

Place the balt in the balting point by using a dosage device. Dispense from a low height to minimise dust. Clean device with a damp oloth. Replace any lack the balting points in which balt has been damaged by walter or contaminated by the first from the tree has the properties of the first from the tree has the properties of the first from the first

Do not use this product in pulsed bailing treatments. Protect bail from atmospheric conditions. Place the bailing points in areas not liable to flooding. When placing bailt points dose to surface waters (e.g. nivers, ponds, water channels, dykes, irrigation ditches) and the drainage systems, ensure that bail contact with water is avoided. Bailt stations must be clearly labelled to show they contain roderibdes and that they must not be moved or opened see "other information" for hild details). Where possible, bait stations must be fixed to the ground rother structures. Bailt should be secured so that it cannot be dragged away from the bait station. Do not wash the bait stations or utensits used in covered and price table product way free hereach of children, brids, pets and fram animals and other non-larged animals. Place the product and way from the product and the product and of the product and of the product and the product.

Do not use in areas where resistance to the active substance is suspected. Products shall not be used beyond 35 days without an evaluation of the state of the infestation and of the efficacy of the treatment. Do not rotate the use of different anticoagulants with comparable or weaker potency for resistance management purposes. For rotational use, consider using a non-anticoagulant rotenticide, if available, or a more potent anticoagulant. To reduce risk of secondary poisoning, search for and remove dead rodents during treatment at frequent intervals, in line with the recommendations provided by the CRRU UK Code of Best Practice.

Storage and disposal:

Store in a div, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep the container closed and away from direct sunlight. Store in places grevented from the access of children, brids, pets and farm animals. At the end of the treatment, dispose of unseather best and the packaging in accordance with local requirements. Poisoned moderns may be disposed of by the waste producer at an incinerator or landfill permitted to accept that type of waste, or collected by a registered waste carrier and taken for disposal at a suitably permitted site. For further information on disposal contact the Environment Agency (www.environment-agency.gov.uk) or SEPA (www.sepa.org.uk). Rodents can be disease carriers. Do not touch dead rodents with bate hands, use gloves or use tools such as forms when disposing of them.

Permanent baiting:

Permanent bailing is attictly limited to sites with a high potential for reinvasion when other methods of control have proven insufficient. The permanent bailing strategy shall be periodically reviewed in the context of integrated pest management (IPM) and the assessment of risk for re-infestation. Sites under a permanent bailing regime should be inspected regularly in accordance with product label directions. The period between visits brould be determined by the technican in charge but will not be longer than every four veeks when permanent bailing is conductable uniforms. For period of 35 days bails continue to be consumed and no decline in redorn activity is observed, the filtery cause must be determined. Where other elements now of the observed in the livery of the consumed and no decline in redorn activity is observed, the filtery cause must be determined. Where other elements now of the consideration of the other consideration of traces as an activity of the consideration of the other of the consideration of the other other elements of the other other elements of the other other elements of the other elements elements of the other elements elements

Medical advice:

This product contains an anticoagulant substance. If ingested, symptom, which may be delayed, may include nosebled and bleeding jums. In severe asses, there may be bruising and blood present in the fleeces or uniform, which may be delayed, may include nosebleded and bleeding jums. In severe seems, the many personned only, in case of. Demal exposure, wash skin with vater and then with water and soap. Eye exposure, rinse eyes with eye-rinse liquid or writer, less open at least of minutes. Or exposure, inse much carefully with water. Never give anything by month to nunconscious person. Do not provide ventiling If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the product's container or label. UK of medical professionals should contact the National Poisons Information Service (www.notion.or ord) for further advice. Contact and advice. Contact act on in case of incestion by a pet.

Precautions:

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust. If exposed or oncement. Get medical advice/attention Cet medical advice/attention for fly our featurement. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations. Contains 1, 2: Bearsischiazolin-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

To avoid risks to human health and the environment comploy with the structurons for use.

Danger

May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs (Blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure

Other Information:

Hazardous to wildlife. Wear protective chemical resistant gloves during product handling phase (EN374). Because of their delayed mode of action authorized part of action to the set. This product order as of their delayed mode of adversariation and the set of the set. The set of the set

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Batch No. D.O.E. Authorisation holder: PelGar International Ltd., Alton, GU34 2QR.



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